

Data Storage and Interaction using Magnetized Fabric

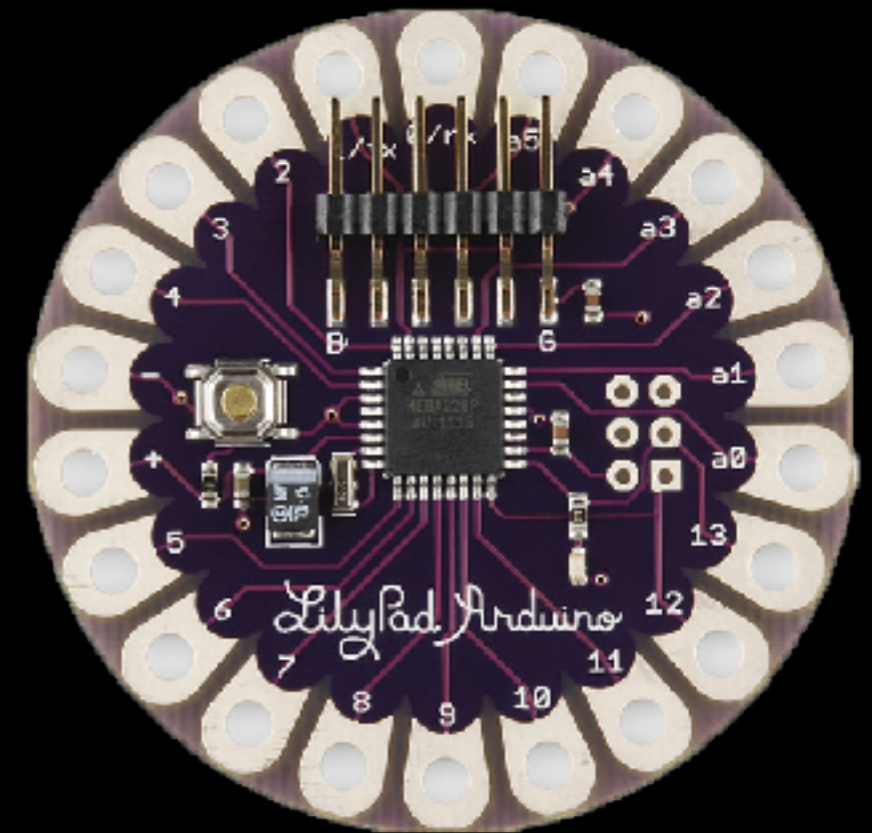
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Shyam Gollakota

Existing approaches

PROJECT JACQUARD



LILYPAD ARDUINO



Requires batteries

Can we create a smart fabric design without any onboard electronics or batteries?



Smart fabrics without electronics



BATTERY-FREE

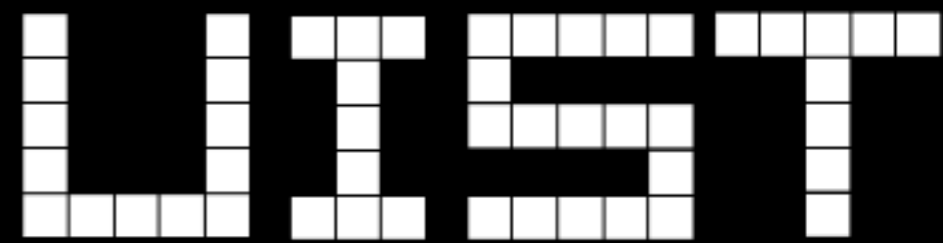


WATERPROOF

Clothes with memory



CODES

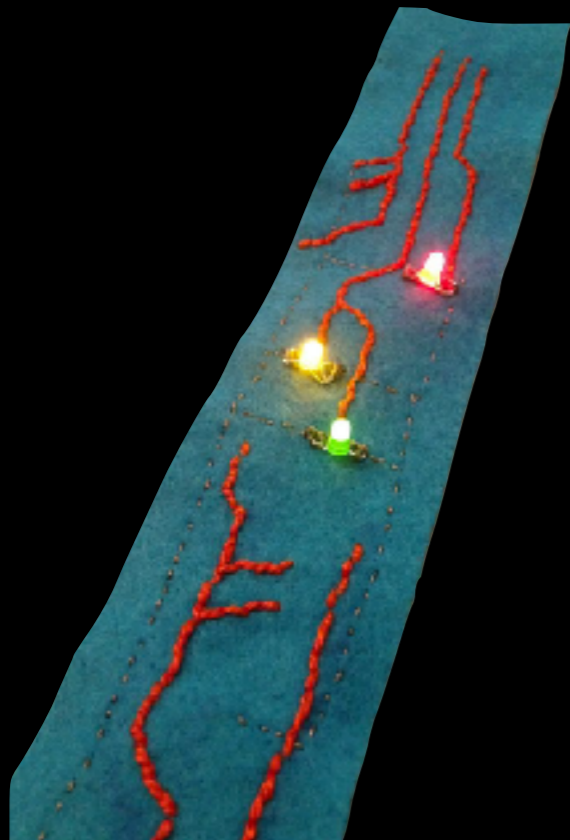


IMAGES

Interact with a smartphone in your pocket



What are conductive threads used for?

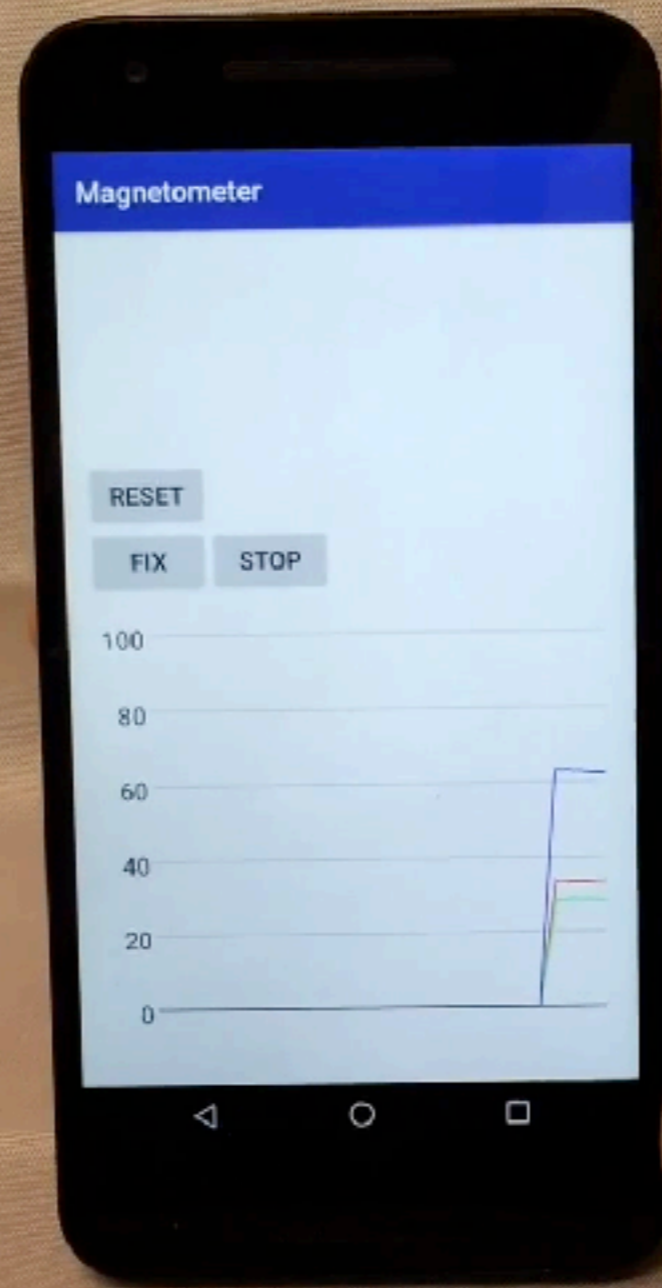


Key Observation



Leverage magnetic properties of conductive thread

Smartphones have magnetometers



Our Contributions

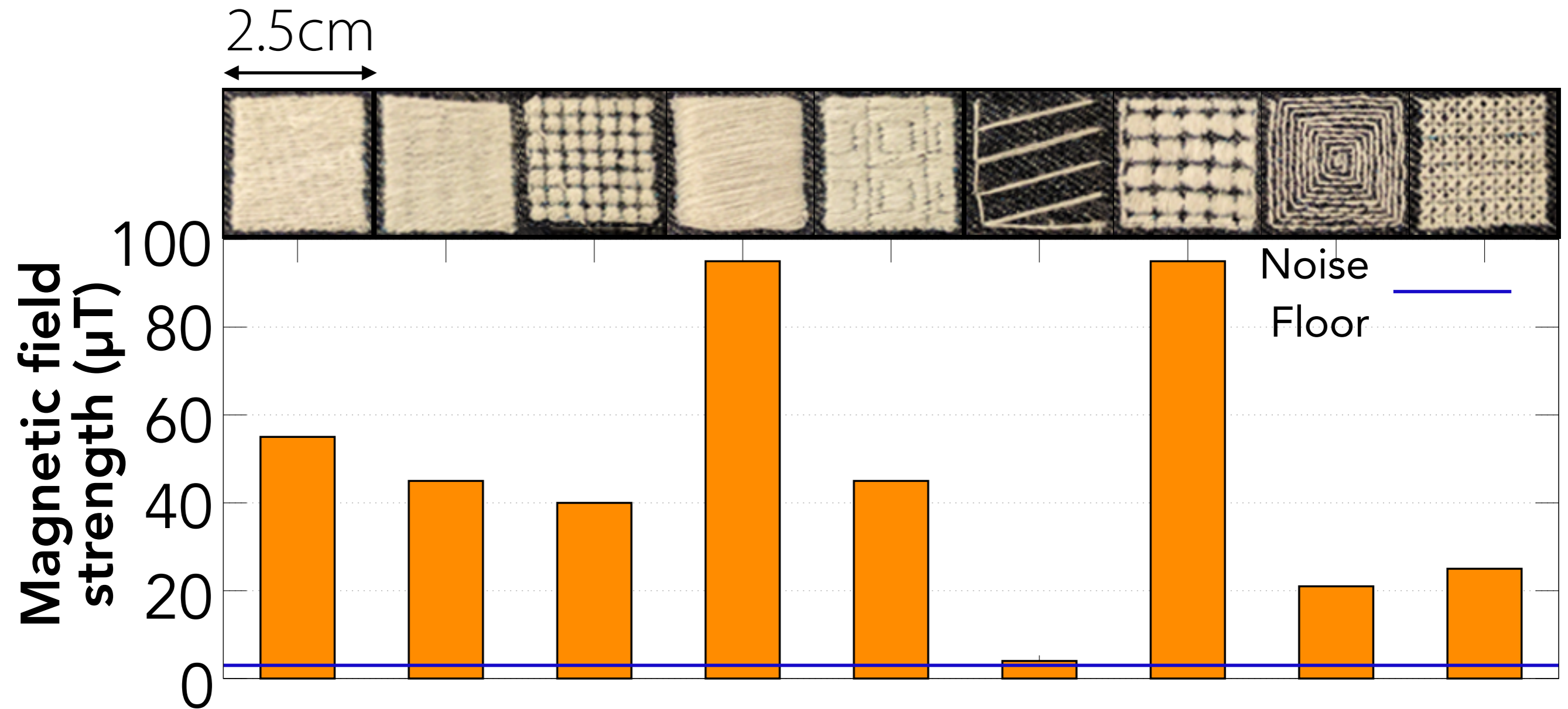
- First to harness the **magnetic properties** of conductive fabric for interaction
- Provide a detailed **characterization** of magnetized fabric
- Build **electronic-free** data storage and gesture recognition applications on fabric

Characterization of magnetized fabric

What do we care about?

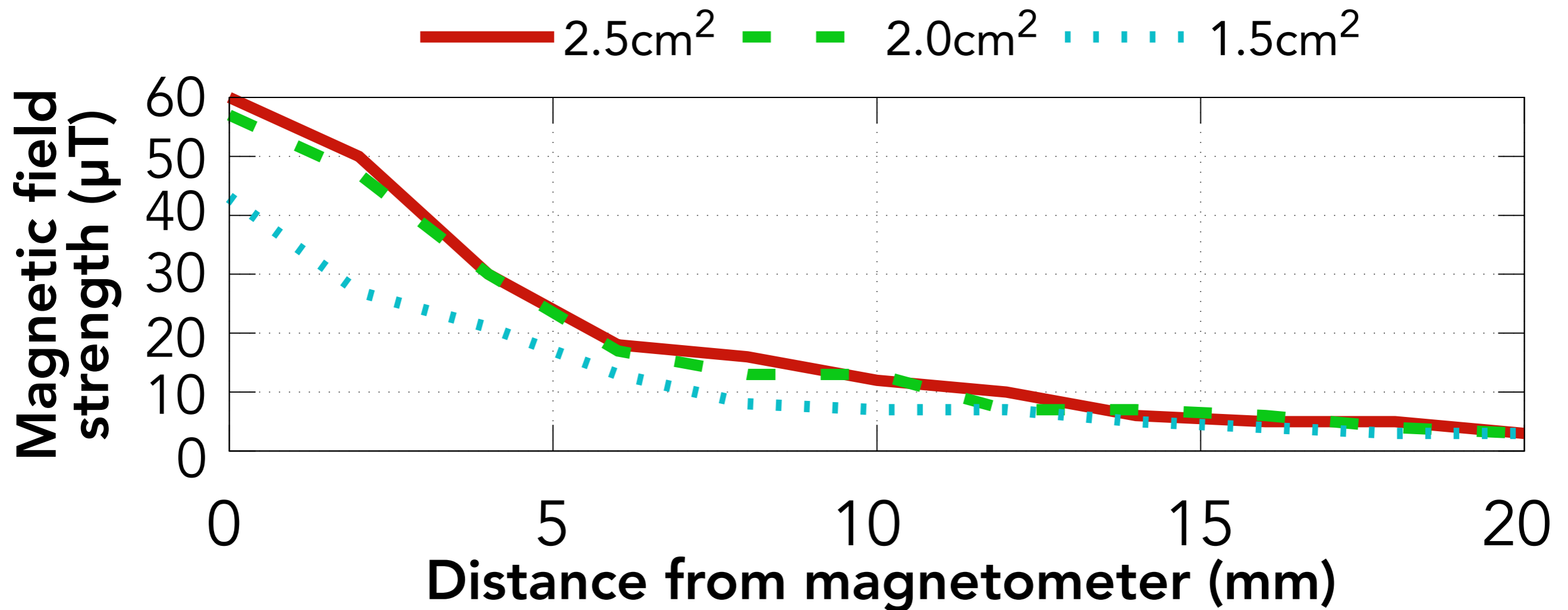
- Embroidery style
- Decay over distance
- Decay over time

How does embroidery style affect field strength?



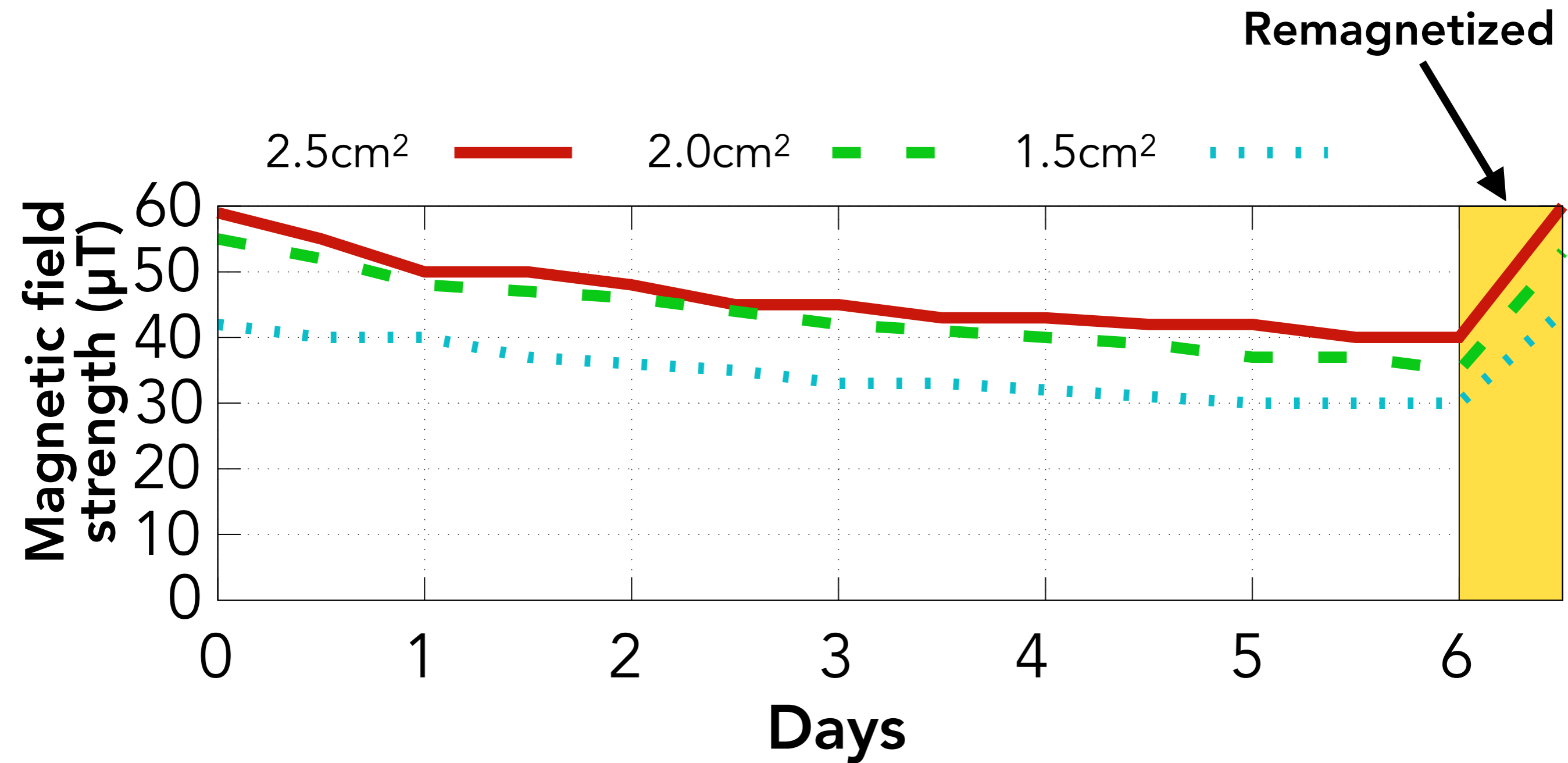
Denser styles have higher field strength

How does field strength decay over distance?



Works up to distances of 1 cm

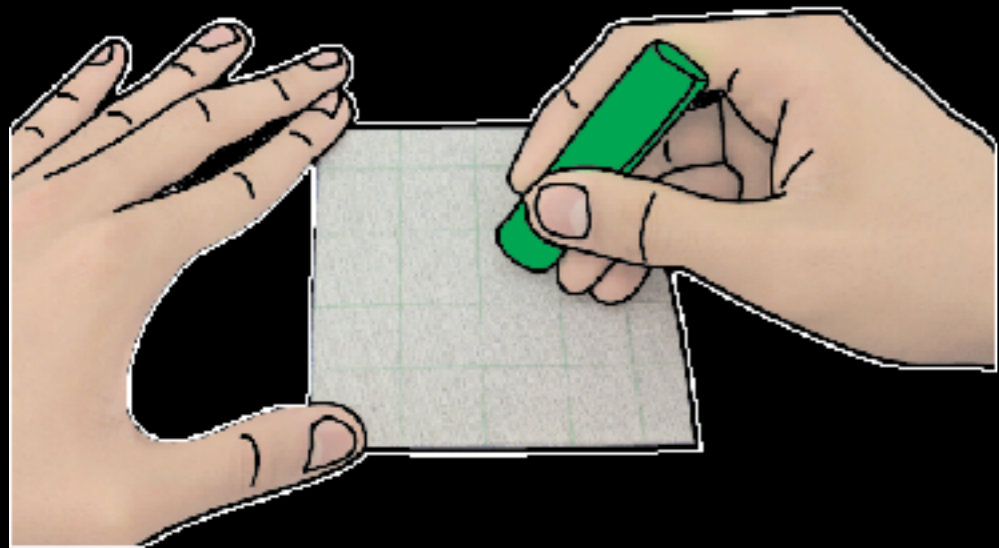
How does field strength decay over time?



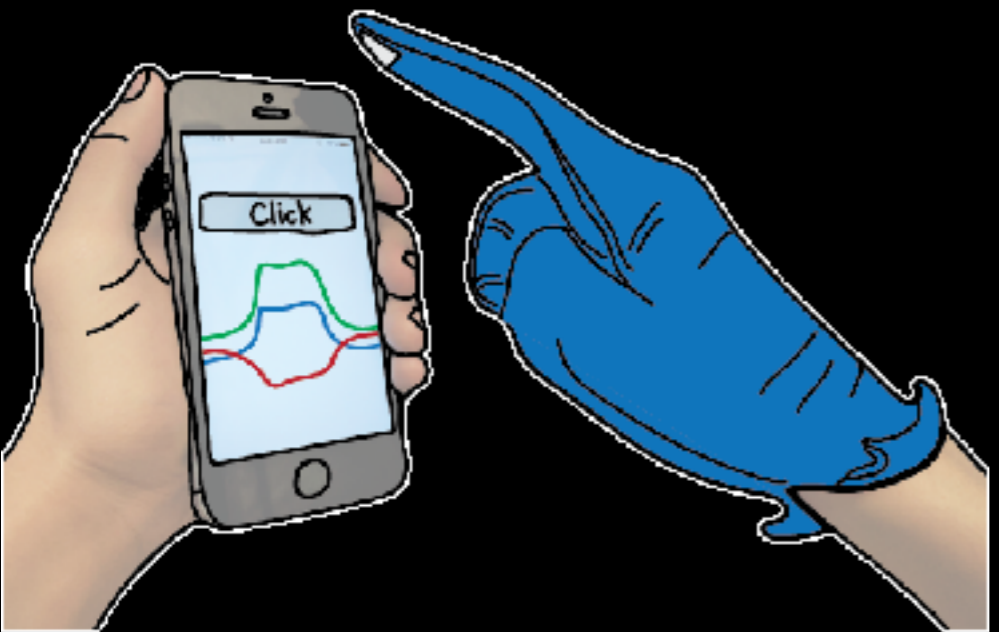
28-36% decrease over a week



DATA STORAGE



EMBEDDING
INVISIBLE
IMAGES



GESTURE
RECOGNITION

How do we tag clothing?

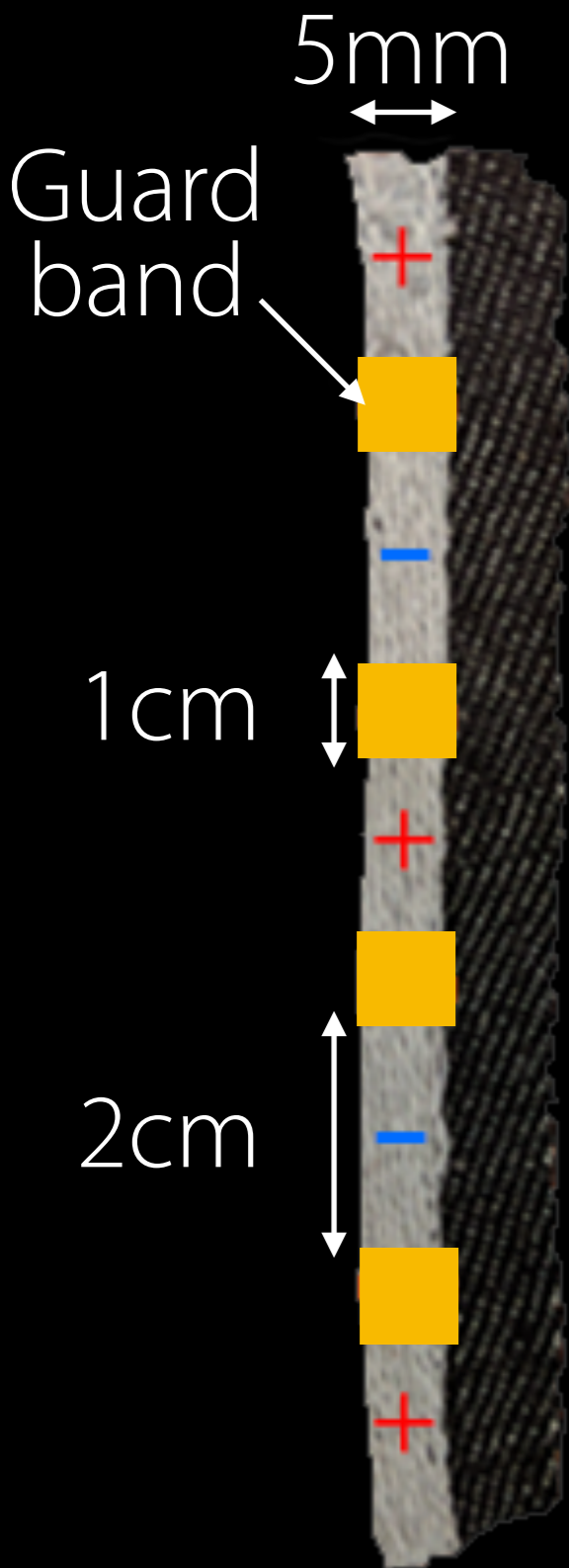


> \$500-\$2000

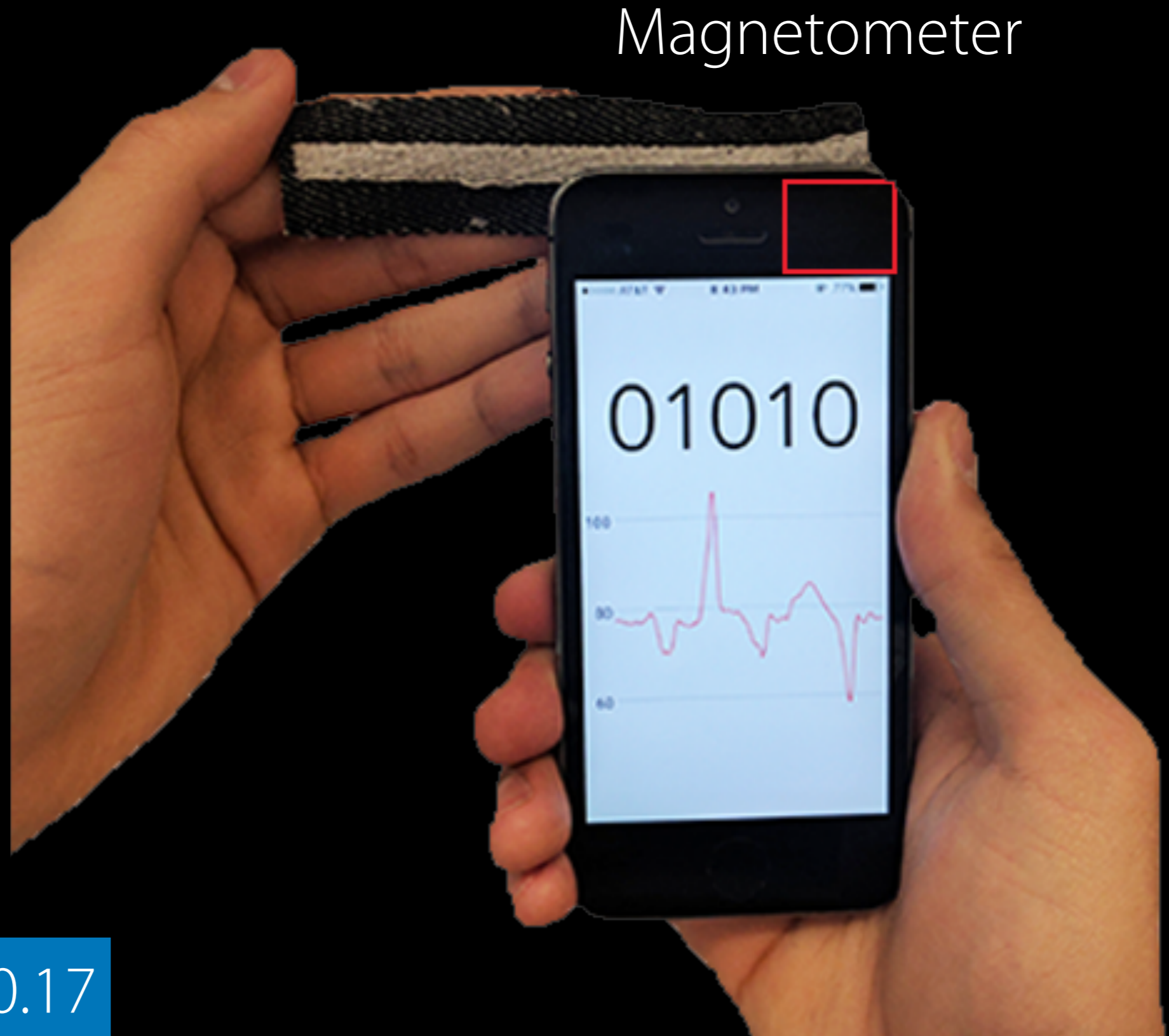


Unreadable on
smartphones

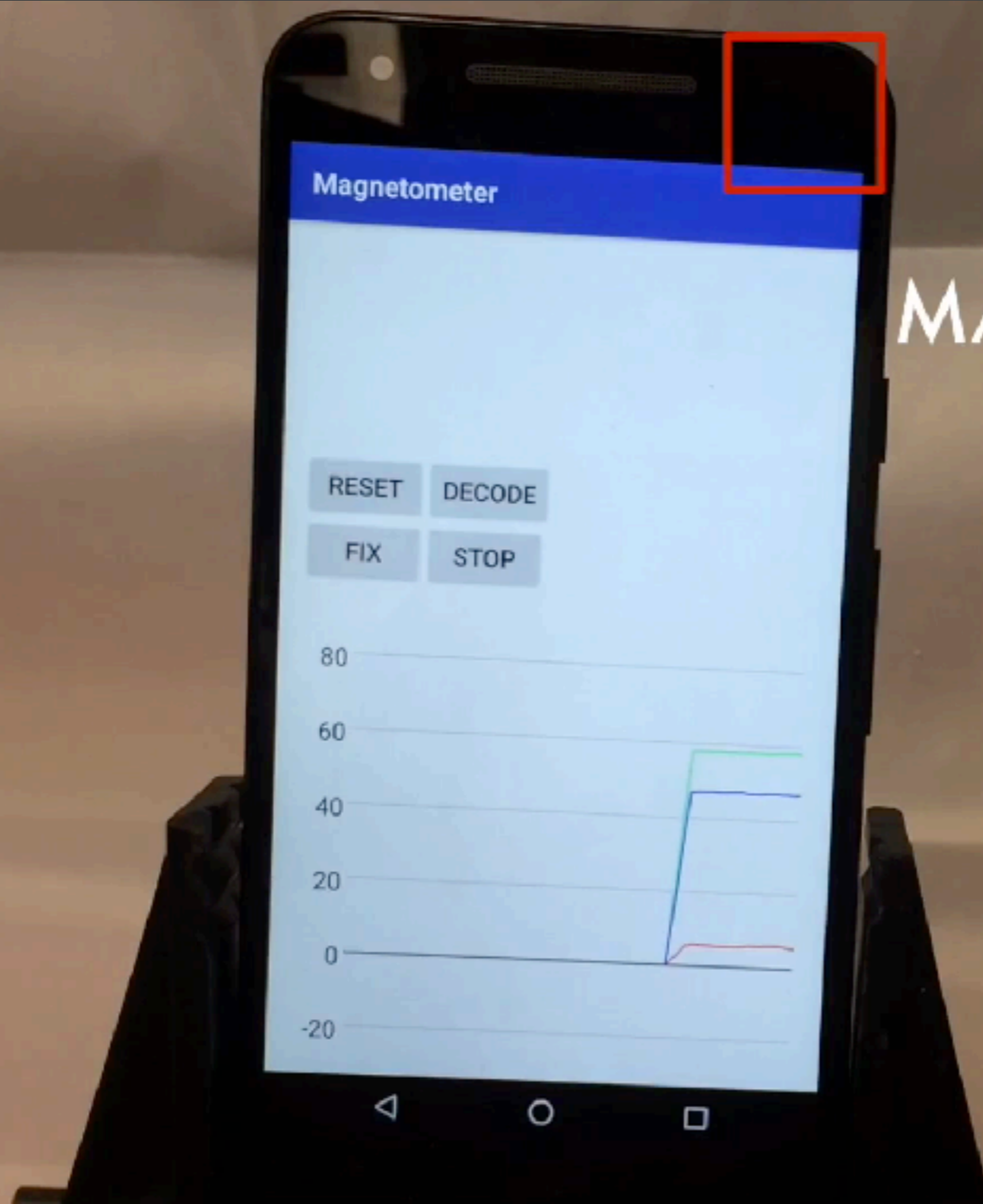
Reading and writing codes



< \$0.17



Reading the tag on a smartphone

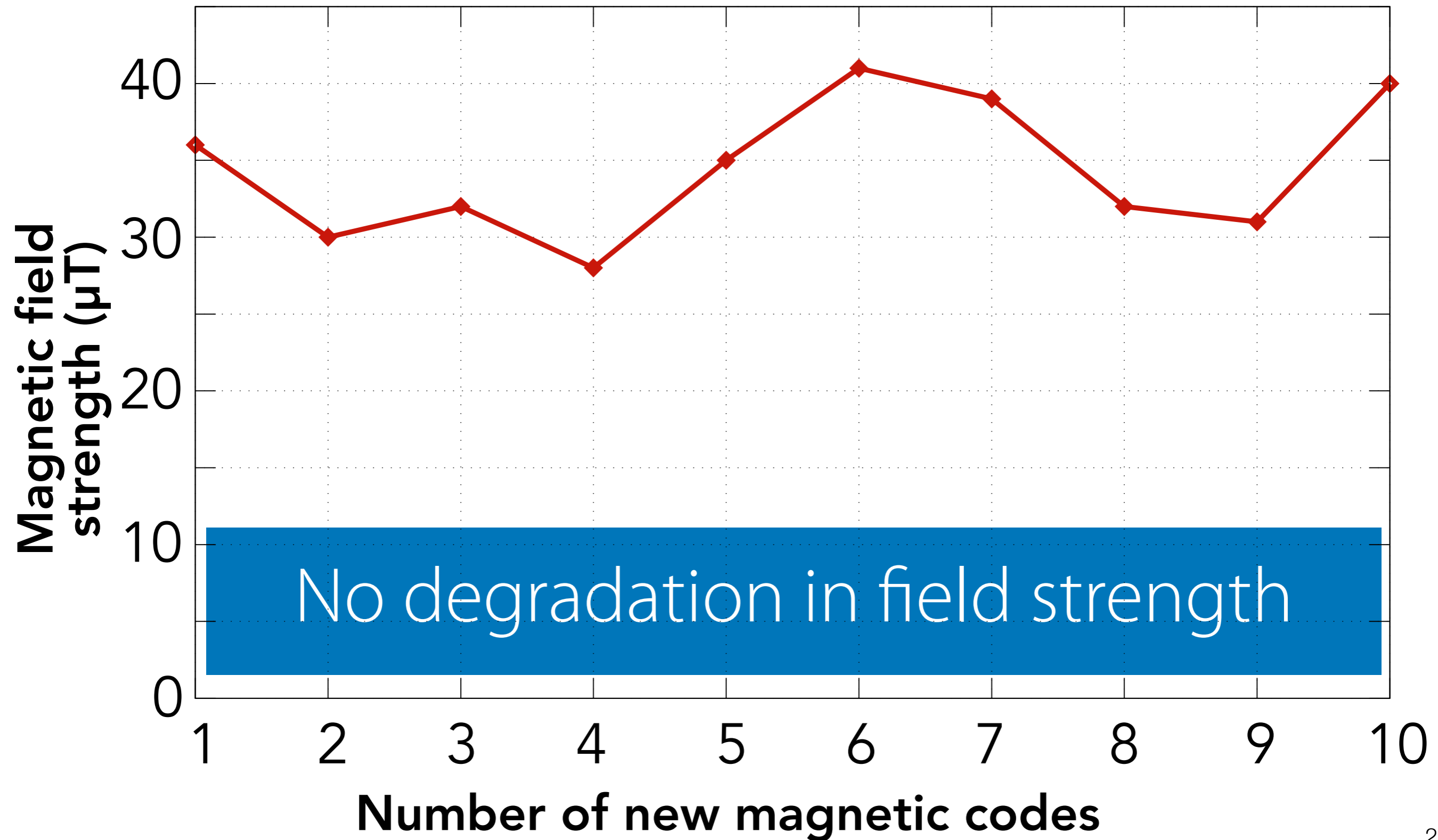


MAGNETOMETER

How durable are our tags?

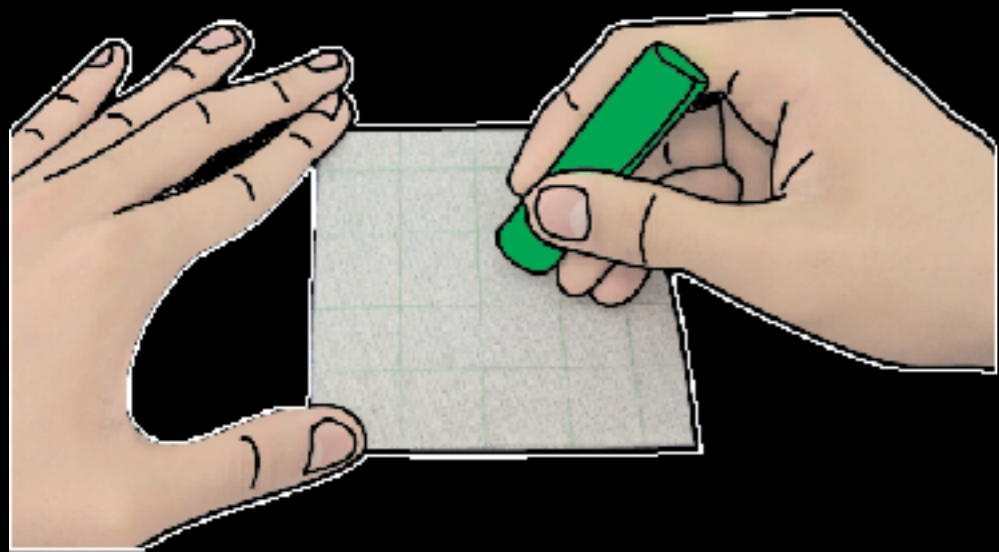
	Change in field strength
Hand wash	11%
Machine wash	5%
Drying	9%
Ironing (160°C)	1%

Are our tags reprogrammable?



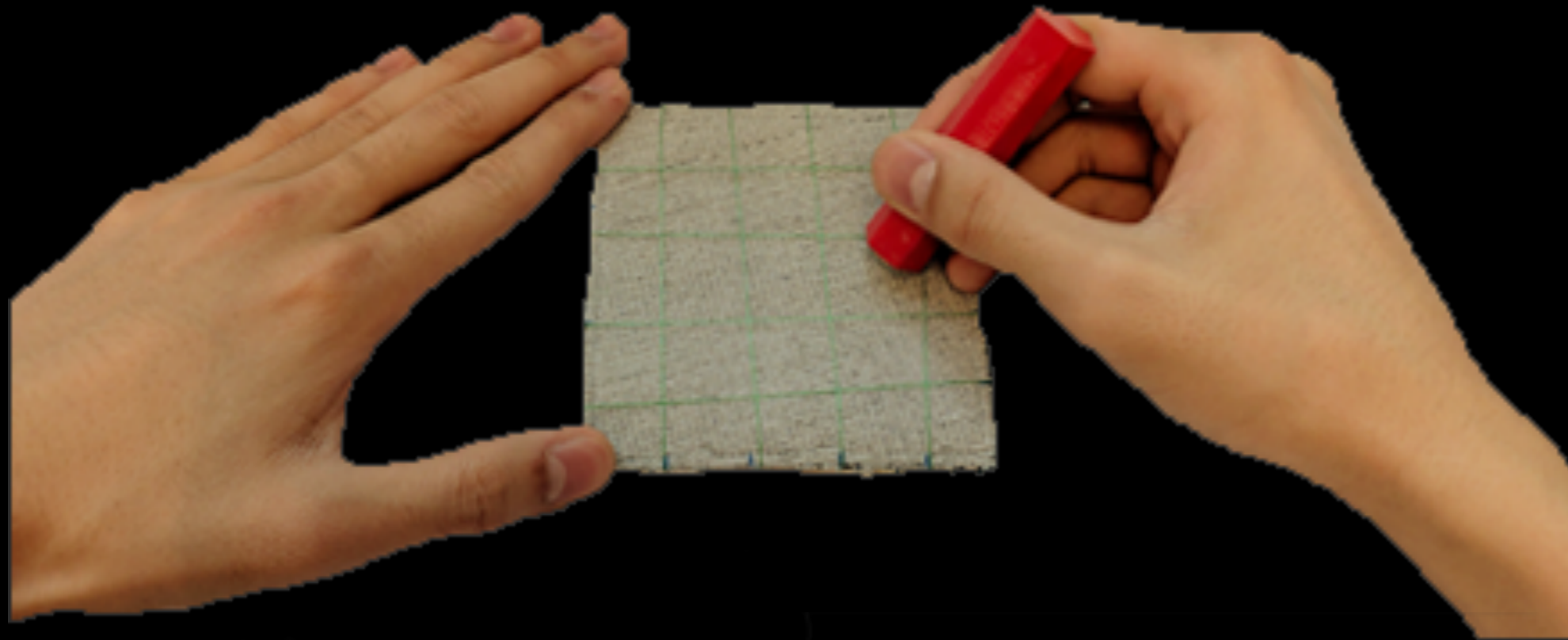
Fashion accessories with memory



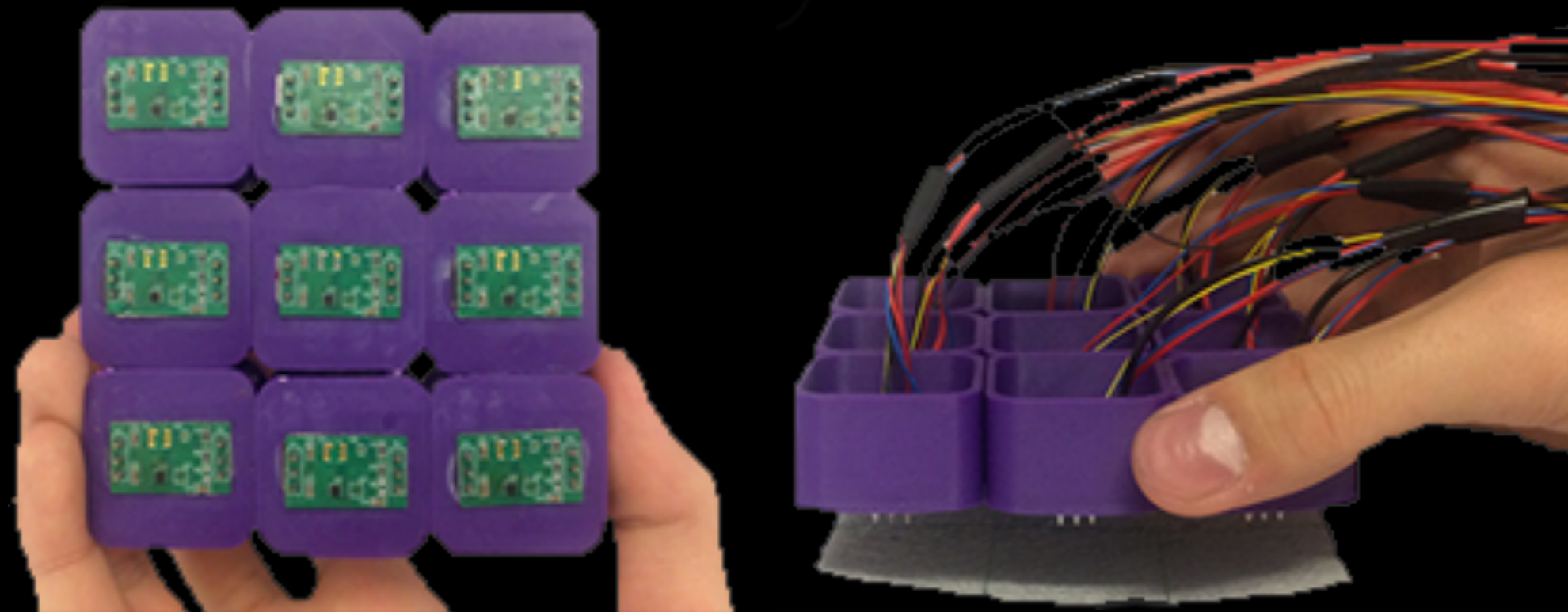


EMBEDDING INVISIBLE IMAGES

Drawing and reading images

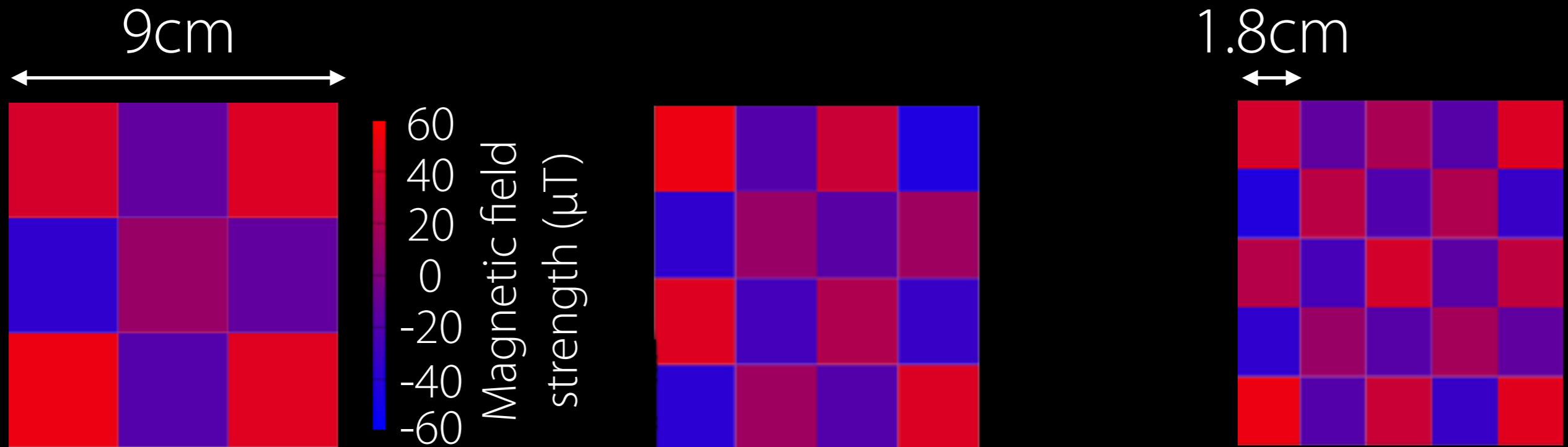


ENCODING



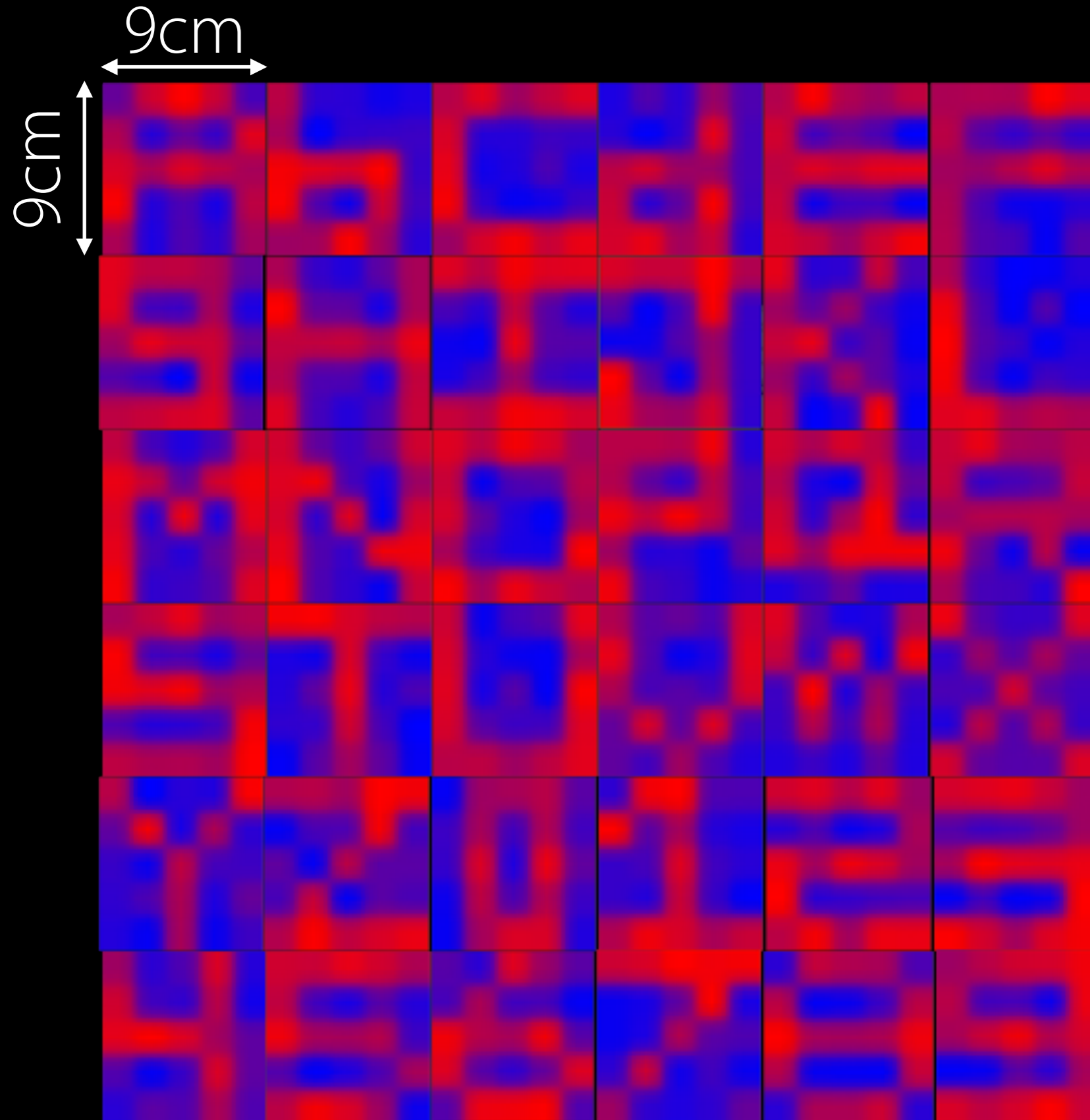
DECODING

How small can each pixel be?



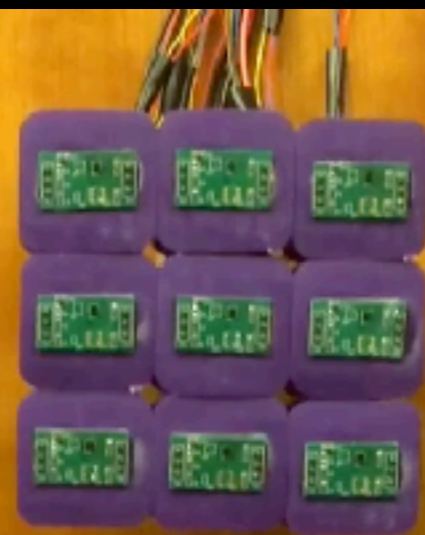
Smallest pixel size: 1.8 cm²

Expressivity of images

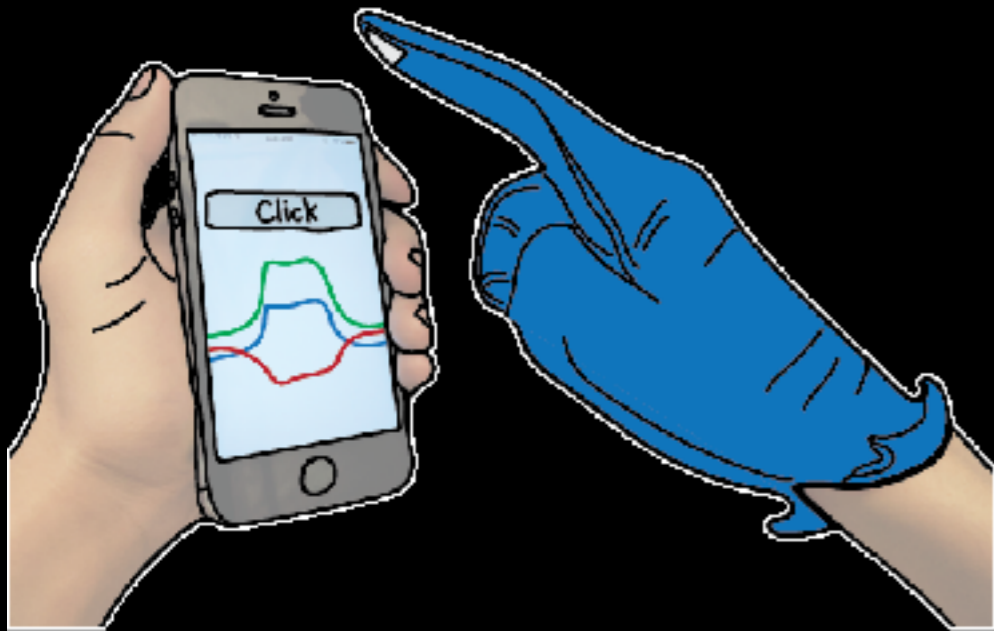


$2^{25} \approx 33$ million
possible images

AUTHENTICATION



GESTURE RECOGNITION



Smartphones
in pockets

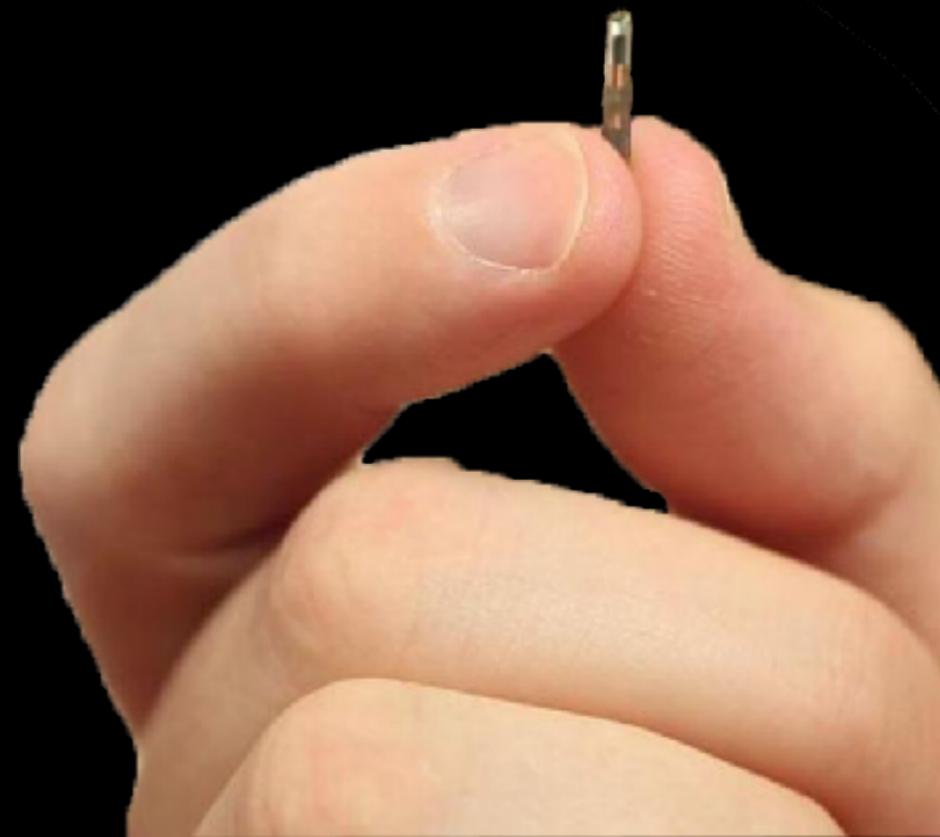


Magnetometer

Power:
 $72\mu\text{W}$

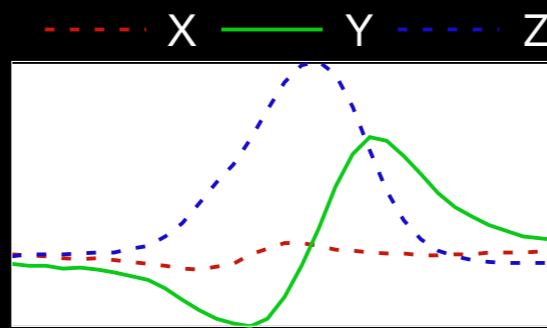
Cost:
\$0.80

Low-power
IoT devices

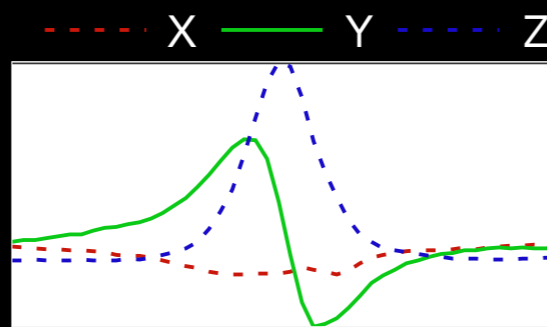


Recognizing gestures

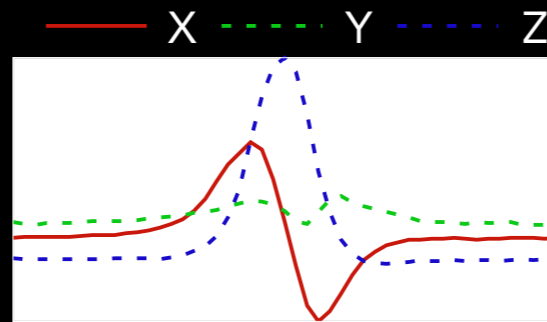




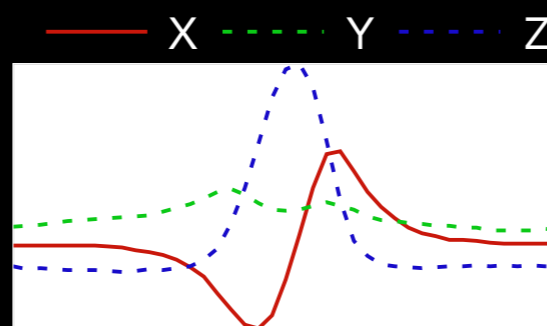
UP



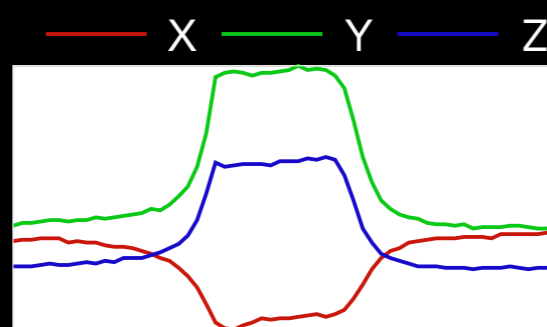
DOWN



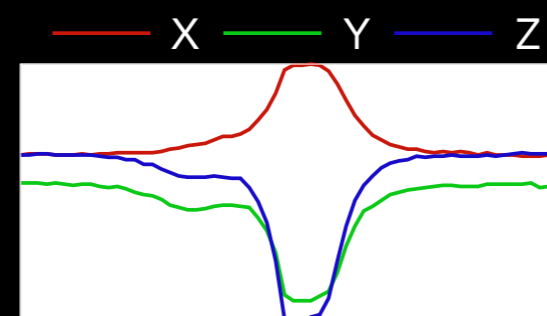
LEFT



RIGHT

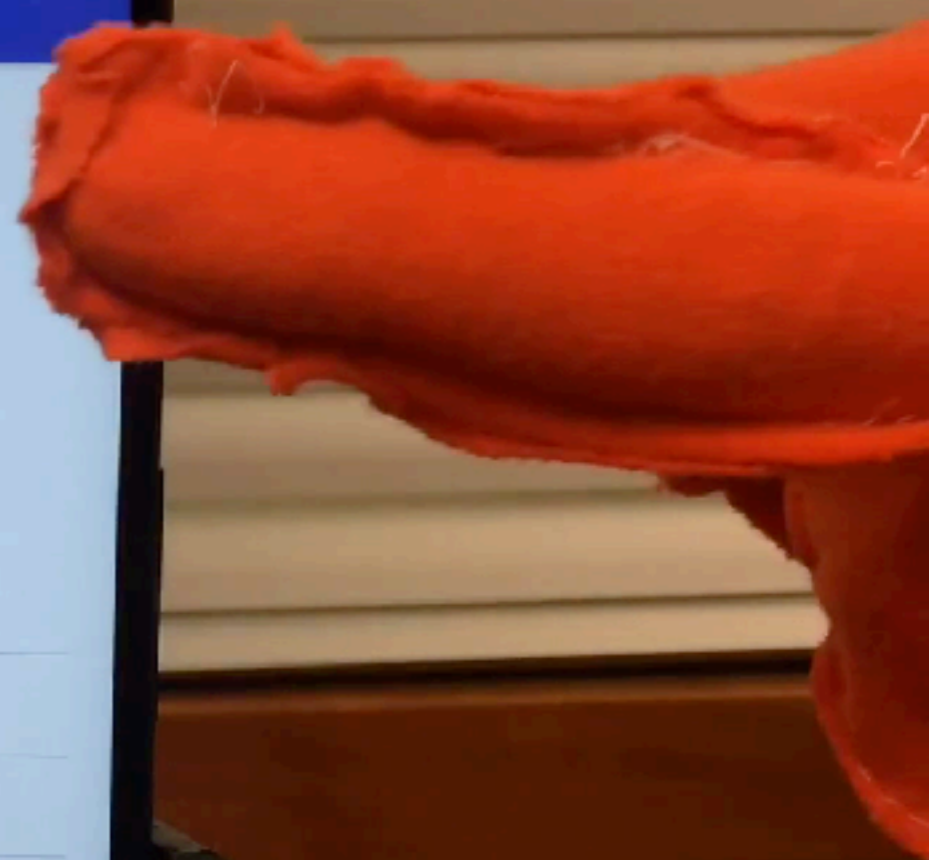
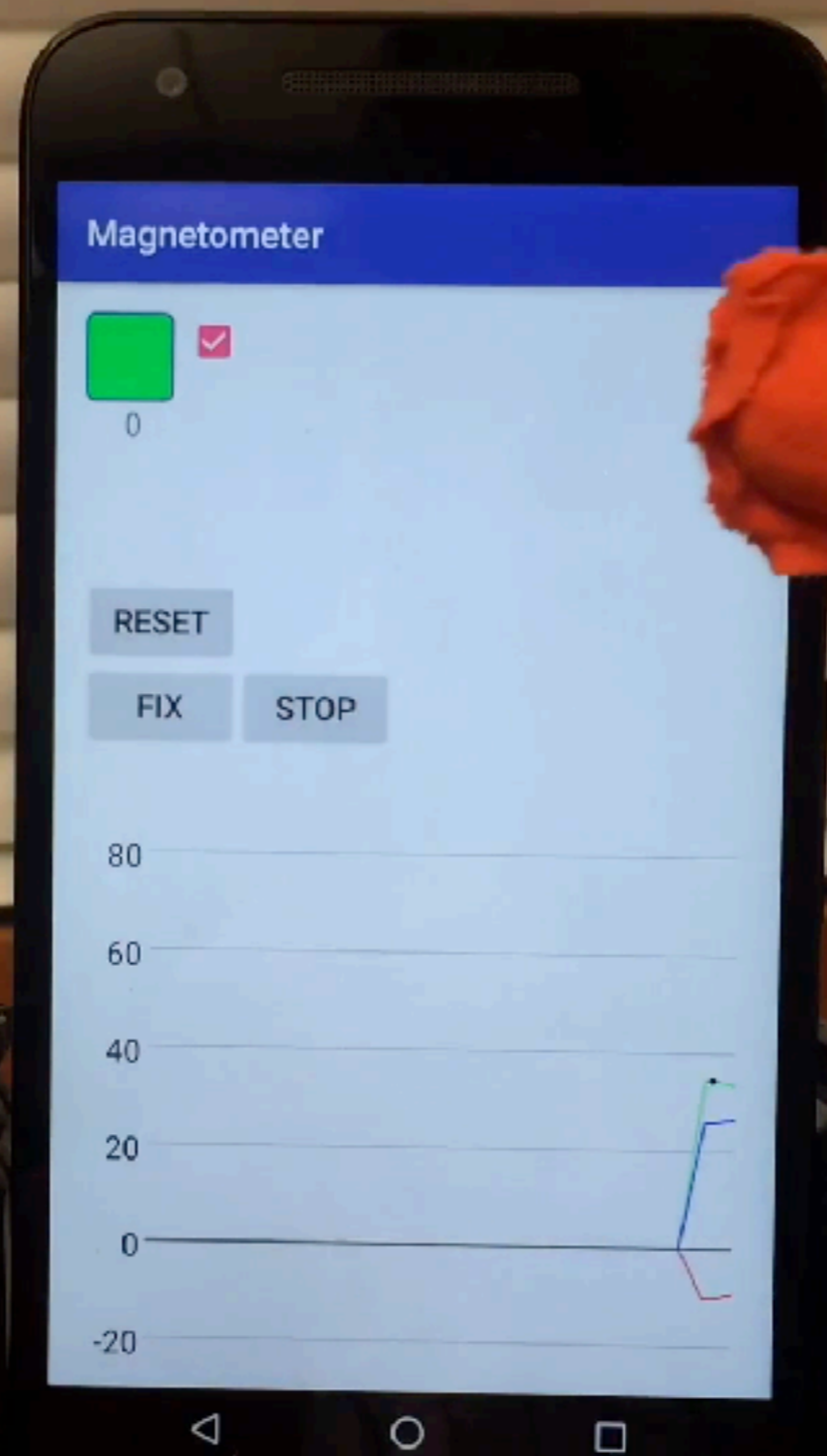


CLICK



BACK CLICK

Real time classifier



3x

Classifier accuracy

Actual Gesture Performed	Gesture Classified						
	Up	Down	Left	Right	Click	Back Click	Not seen
Up	0.91	0.01	0	0.01	0.04	0.03	0
Down	0	0.9	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.01	0
Left	0	0.03	0.87	0.06	0.02	0.01	0
Right	0.04	0	0	0.94	0.02	0.01	0
Click	0.01	0.01	0	0.01	0.92	0.02	0.02
Back Click	0	0.06	0	0.02	0.04	0.86	0.03

7 users
20 repetitions
90.1%
accuracy

THROUGH-POCKET SENSING



How do we improve this?

Custom designed textiles +
a precise magnetic reader and writer

- Generate stronger fields
- Increase bit density
- Longer bit lifespan



Conclusions

- Harness the **magnetic properties** of conductive fabric for interaction
- Provide a detailed **characterization** of magnetized fabric
- Build **electronic-free** data storage and gesture recognition applications on fabric